Appendix C

Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

Water Quality Standards For toxic analytes

Adapted from

STATE WATER CONTROL BOARD

9 VAC 25-260 Virginia Water Quality Standards.

Statutory Authority: § 62.1-44.15 3a of the Code of Virginia.

WITH AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE AUGUST 10, 2005

Refer to 9 VAC 25-260 for detailed comments on the standards summarized herein!

9 VAC 25-260-140. Criteria for surface water.

A. Instream water quality conditions shall not be acutely² or chronically³ toxic except as allowed in 9 VAC 25-260-20 B mixing zones. The following are definitions of acute and chronic toxicity conditions:

"Acute toxicity" means an adverse effect that usually occurs shortly after exposure to a pollutant. Lethality to an organism is the usual measure of acute toxicity. Where death is not easily detected, immobilization is considered equivalent to death.

"Chronic toxicity" means an adverse effect that is irreversible or progressive or occurs because the rate of injury is greater than the rate of repair during prolonged exposure to a pollutant. This includes low level, long-term effects such as reduction in growth or reproduction.

B. The following table is a list of numerical water quality criteria for specific parameters.

When information has become available from the Environmental Protection Agency to calculate additional aquatic life or human health criteria not contained in the table, the board may employ these values in establishing effluent limitations or other limitations pursuant to 9 VAC 25-260-20 A necessary to protect designated uses until the board has completed the regulatory standards adoption process.

Table of Parameters 6

	USE DESIGNATION							
		AQUATI		HUMAN HEALTH				
PARAMETER	FRESHWATER		SALTWATER			All		
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴		
Acenapthene(µg/l) 83329					1,200	2,700		
Acrolein (μg/l) 107028					320	780		
Acrylonitrile (μg/l) 107131 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁵ .					0.59	6.6		
Aldrin (µg/l) 309002 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁵ .	3.0		1.3		0.0013	0.0014		
Ammonia (μg/l) 766-41-7 Chronic criterion is a 30-day average concentration not to be exceeded more than once every three 3 years on the average. (see 9 VAC 25-260-155)								
Anthracene (µg/l) 120127					9,600	110,000		
Antimony (μg/l) 7440360					14	4,300		
Arsenic (μg/l ⁵⁾ 7440382	340	150	69	36	10			
Bacteria (see 9 VAC 25-260-160 and 170)								
Barium (μg/l) 7440393					2,000			
Benzene μg/l 71432 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					12	710		
Benzidine (μg/l) 92875 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					0.0012	0.0054		
Benzo (a) anthracene (μg/l) 56553 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					0.044	0.49		

	USE DESIGNATION							
		AQUAT	HUMAN I	HEALTH				
PARAMETER	FRESHWATER		SALT	WATER		All		
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene (μg/l) 205992								
Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					0.044	0.49		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene (μg/l) 207089								
Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					0.044	0.49		
Benzo (a) pyrene (μg/l) 50328					0.044	0.49		
Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵								
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether 111444								
Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					0.31	14		
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether (µg/l) 39638329					1,400	170,000		
Bromoform (μg/l) 75252 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}					44	3,600		
Butyl benzyl phthalate (µg/l) 85687					3,000	5,200		

	USE DESIGNATION								
		AQUAT	TC LIFE		HUMAN HEALTH				
PARAMETER	FRESH	IWATER	SALT	WATER		All			
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴			
Cadmium ($\mu g/l^5$) 7440439 Freshwater values are a function of total hardness as calcium carbonate CaCO ₃ mg/l and the WER. The minimum hardness allowed for use in the equation below shall be 25 and the maximum hardness shall be 400 even when the actual ambient hardness is less than 25 or greater than 400. Freshwater acute criterion ($\mu g/l$) WER [e {1.128[ln(hardness)] - 3.828}]	3.9 WER = 1 CaCO ₃ =10 0	1.1 WER = 1 CaCO ₃ = 100	40 WER=1	8.8 WER=1	5				
Freshwater chronic criterion (µg/l) WER [e {0.7852[ln(hardness)] – 3.490}] WER = Water Effect Ratio =1 unless shown otherwise under 9 VAC 25-260-140.F and listed in 9 VAC 25-260-310 e = natural antilogarithm ln = natural logarithm									
Carbon tetrachloride (μg/l) 56235 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					2.5	44			
Chlordane (µg/l) 57749 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .	2.4	0.0043	0.09	0.0040	0.021	0.022			
Chloride (µg/l) 16887006 Human Health criterion to maintain acceptable taste and aesthetic quality and applies at the drinking water intake.	860,000	230,000			250,000				
Chlorine, Total Residual (µg/l)	19	11							
7782505 In DGIF class i and ii trout waters (9 VAC 25-260 subsections 390-540) or waters with threatened or endangered species are subject to the halogen ban (subsection 110.)	See 9 VAC 25-260-110	See 9 VAC 25-260-110							
Chlorine Produced Oxidant (µg/l) 7782505			13	7.5					
Chlorobenzene (µg/l) 108907					680	21,000			
Chlorodibromomethane (μg/l) 124481 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}					4.1	340			

	USE DESIGNATION							
		AQUAT		HUMAN HEALTH				
PARAMETER	FRESH	IWATER	SALT	WATER		All		
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴		
Chloroform (µg/l) 67663 Known or suspected carcinogen; however, non-carcinogen calculation used and is protective of carcinogenic effects. Use 30Q5 as default design flow (see footnote 6.)					350	29,000		
2-Chloronaphthalene (μg/l) 91587					1,700	4,300		
2-Chlorophenol (μg/l) 95578					120	400		
Chlorpyrifos (µg/l) 2921882	0.083	0.041	0.011	0.0056				
Chromium III (μ g/I ⁵⁰ 16065831 Freshwater values are a function of total hardness as calcium carbonate CaCO ₃ mg/l and the WER. The minimum hardness allowed for use in the equation below shall be 25 and the maximum hardness shall be 400 even when the actual ambient hardness is less than 25 or greater than 400. Freshwater acute criterion μ g/I WER [e {0.8190[ln(hardness)]+3.7256}] (CFa) Freshwater chronic criterion μ g/I WER[e {0.8190[ln(hardness)]+0.6848}] (CFc) WER = Water Effect Ratio = 1 unless shown otherwise under 9 VAC 25-260-140.F and listed in 9 VAC 25-260-310 e = natural antilogarithm ln=natural logarithm CFa=0.316 CFc=0.860	570 (WER=1; CaCO ₃ = 100)	74 (WER=1; CaCO ₃ =100)			100 (total Cr)			
Chromium VI (μg/I ⁵⁾ 18540299	16	11	1,100	50				
Chrysene (µg/l) 218019 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					0.044	0.49		

	USE DESIGNATION							
		AQUAT	HUMAN HEALTH					
PARAMETER	FRESHWATER SALT			WATER		All		
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴		
Copper (μ g/ I^5) 7440508 Freshwater values are a function of total hardness as calcium carbonate CaCO ₃ mg/l and the WER. The minimum hardness allowed for use in the equation below shall be 25 and the maximum hardness shall be 400 even when the actual ambient hardness is less than 25 or greater than 400. Freshwater acute criterion (μ g/l) WER [e [0.9422[ln(hardness)]-1.700}] (CFa) Freshwater chronic criterion μ g/l WER [e [0.8545[ln(hardness)]-1.702}] (CFc) WER = Water Effect Ratio = 1 unless shown otherwise under 9 VAC 25-260-140.F and listed in 9 VAC 25-260-310. e = natural antilogarithm ln=natural logarithm CFa = 0.960 CFc = 0.960 Acute saltwater criterion is a 24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once every three years on the average.	13 WER=1 CaCO ₃ =100	9.0 WER=1 CaCO₃=100	9.3 WER=1	6.0 WER=1	1,300			
Cyanide (μg/l) 57125	22	5.2	1.0	1.0	700	220,000		
DDD (μg/l) 72548 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					0.0083	0.0084		
DDE (μg/l) 72559 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					0.0059	0.0059		
DDT (μg/l) 50293 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}	1.1	0.0010	0.13	0.0010	0.0059	0.0059		
Demeton (μg/l) 8065483		0.1		0.1				

	USE DESIGNATION						
		AQUAT	HUMAN HEALTH				
PARAMETER	FRESH	IWATER	SALTWATER			All	
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴	
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene (μg/l) 53703 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}					0.044	0.49	
Dibutyl phthalate μg/l 84742					2,700	12,000	
Dichloromethane (μg/l) 75092 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ Synonym = Methylene Chloride					47	16,000	
1,2–Dichlorobenzene (µg/l0) 95501					2,700	17,000	
1,3– Dichlorobenzene (µg/l) 541731					400	2,600	
1,4 Dichlorobenzene (μg/l) 106467					400	2,600	
3,3 Dichlorobenzidine 91941 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}					0.4	0.77	
Dichlorobromomethane (μg/l) 75274 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					5.6	460	
1,2 Dichloroethane (μg/l) 107062 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}					3.8	990	
1,1 Dichloroethylene (µg/l) 75354					310	17,000	
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene (µg/l) 156605					700	140,000	
2,4 Dichlorophenol (μg/l) 120832					93	790	

	USE DESIGNATION							
		AQUATI	HUMAN HEALTH					
PARAMETER	FRESHWATER		SALT	WATER		All		
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴		
2,4 Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4-D) (μg/l) 94757					100			
1,2-Dichloropropane (µg/l) 78875 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					5.2	390		
1,3-Dichloropropene (µg/l) 542756					10	1,700		
Dieldrin (μg/l) 60571 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .	0.24	0.056	0.71	0.0019	0.0014	0.0014		
Diethyl Phthalate (μg/l) 84662					23,000	120,000		
Di-2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate (μg/l) 117817 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ . Synonym = Bis2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate.					18	59		
2,4 Dimethylphenol (μg/l) 105679					540	2,300		
Dimethyl Phthalate (µg/l) 131113					313,000	2,900,000		
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate (µg/l) 84742					2,700	12,000		
2,4 Dinitrophenol (μg/l) 51285					70	14,000		
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol (μg/l) 534521					13.4	765		
2,4 Dinitrotoluene (μg/l) 121142 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					1.1	91		

	USE DESIGNATION							
		AQUAT	HUMAN HEALTH					
PARAMETER CAS Number				WATER		All		
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴		
Dioxin 2, 3, 7, 8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (ppq) 1746016 Criteria are based on a risk level of 10 ⁻⁵ and potency of 1.75 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg–day ⁻¹ To calculate an average effluent permit limit, use mean annual stream flow.					1.2	1.2		
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine (μg/l) 122667 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					0.40	5.4		
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) (See 9 VAC 25-260-50 and 9 VAC 25-260-55)								
Alpha-Endosulfan (μg/l) 959988	0.22	0.056	0.034	0.0087	110	240		
Beta-Endosulfan (μg/l) 33213659	0.22	0.056	0.034	0.0087	110	240		
Endosulfan Sulfate (µg/l) 1031078					110	240		
Endrin (μg/l) 72208	0.086	0.036	0.037	0.0023	0.76	0.81		
Endrin Aldehyde (μg/l) 7421934					0.76	0.81		
Ethylbenzene (µg/l) 100414					3,100	29,000		
Fecal Coliform (see 9 VAC 25-260-160 and 9 VAC 25-260-170)								
Fluoranthene (µg/l) 206440					300	370		
Fluorene (µg/l) 86737					1,300	14,000		

	USE DESIGNATION							
		AQUAT	HUMAN HEALTH					
PARAMETER	FRESHWATER SALTY			WATER		All		
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴		
Foaming Agents (μg/l) Criterion measured as methylene blue active substances. Criterion to maintain acceptable taste, odor, or aesthetic quality of drinking water and applies at the drinking water intake.					500			
Guthion (µg/l) 86500		0.01		0.01				
Heptachlor (μg/l) 76448 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .	0.52	0.0038	0.053	0.0036	0.0021	0.0021		
Heptachlor Epoxide (μg/l) 1024573 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .	0.52	0.0038	0.053	0.0036	0.0010	0.0011		
Hexachlorobenzene (μg/l) 118741 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					0.0075	0.0077		
Hexachlorobutadiene (μg/l) 87683 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					4.4	500		
Hexachlorocyclohexane Alpha-BHC (μg/l) 319846 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					0.039	0.13		
Hexachlorocyclohexane Beta-BHC (μg/l) 319857 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					0.14	0.46		
Hexachlorocyclohexane (μg/l) (Lindane) Gamma-BHC 58899 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .	0.95		0.16		0.19	0.63		
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene (μg/l) 77474					240	17,000		
Hexachloroethane (μg/l) 67721 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					19	89		
Hydrogen sulfide (μg/l) 7783064		2.0		2.0				

	USE DESIGNATION								
		AQUAT	HUMAN HEALTH						
PARAMETER CAS Number	FRESHWATER SAL			WATER		All			
5. 25 2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴			
Indeno (1,2,3,-cd) pyrene (μg/l) 193395 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					0.044	0.49			
Iron (μg/l) 7439896 Criterion to maintain acceptable taste, odor or aesthetic quality of drinking water and applies at the drinking water intake.					300				
Isophorone (μg/l) 78591 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					360	26,000			
Kepone (μg/l) 143500		zero		zero					
Lead (μg/l) ⁵ 7439921 Freshwater values are a function of total hardness as calcium carbonate CaCO ₃ mg/l and the water effect ratio. The minimum hardness allowed for use in the equation below shall be 25 and the maximum hardness shall be 400 even when the actual ambient hardness is less than 25 or greater than 400. Freshwater acute criterion (μg/l) WER [e 1.273[ln(hardness)]-1.084} Freshwater chronic criterion (μg/l) WER [e 1.273[ln(hardness)]-3.259} WER = Water Effect Ratio =1 unless shown otherwise under 9 VAC 25-260-140.F and listed in 9 VAC 25-260-310 e = natural antilogarithm ln = natural logarithm	120 WER=1 CaCO ₃ =100	14 WER =1 CaCO ₃ = 100	240 WER=1	9.3 WER=1	15				
Malathion (μg/l) 121755		0.1		0.1					
Manganese (μg/l) 7439965 Criterion to maintain acceptable taste, odor or aesthetic quality of drinking water and applies at the drinking water intake.					50				
Mercury μg/l ⁵ 7439976	1.4	0.77	1.8	0.94	0.050	0.051			

	USE DESIGNATION							
		AQUAT	HUMAN HEALTH					
PARAMETER	FRESE	IWATER	SALT	WATER		All		
CAS Number	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴		
Methyl Bromide (μg/l) 74839					48	4,000		
Methoxychlor (µg/l) 72435		0.03		0.03	100			
Mirex (μg/l) 2385855		zero		zero				
Monochlorobenzene (μg/l) 108907					680	21,000		
Nickel (μ g/L ⁵) 744002 Freshwater values are a function of total hardness as calcium carbonate CaCO ₃ mg/l and the WER. The minimum hardness allowed for use in the equation below shall be 25 and the maximum hardness shall be 400 even when the actual ambient hardness is less than 25 or greater than 400. Freshwater acute criterion μ g/l WER[e {0.8460[ln(hardness)] + 1.312}] (CFa) Freshwater chronic criterion (μ g/l) WER [e {0.8460[ln(hardness)] - 0.8840}] (CFc) WER =Water Effect Ratio = unless shown otherwise under 9 VAC 25-260-140.F and listed in 9 VAC 25-250-310 e = natural antilogarithm ln = natural logarithm (CFa) = 0.998 (CFc) = 0.997	180 WER = 1 CaCO ₃ = 100	20 WER = 1 CaCO ₃ = 100	74 WER=1	8.2 WER=1	610	4,600		
Nitrate as N (μg/l) 14797558					10,000			
Nitrobenzene (µg/l) 98953					17	1,900		
N-Nitrosodimethylamine (μg/l) 62759 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					0.0069	81		

PARAMETER CAS Number	USE DESIGNATION						
	AQUATIC LIFE				HUMAN HEALTH		
	FRESH	IWATER	SALT	SALTWATER		All	
	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (μg/l) 86306 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					50	160	
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine (μg/l) 621647 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}					0.05	14	
Parathion (μg/l) 56382	0.065	0.013					
PCB 1260 (μg/l) 11096825		0.014		0.030			
PCB 1254 (μg/l) 11097691		0.014		0.030			
PCB 1248 (μg/l) 12672296		0.014		0.030			
PCB 1242 (μg/l) 53469219		0.014		0.030			
PCB 1232 (μg/l) 11141165		0.014		0.030			
PCB 1221 (μg/l) 11104282		0.014		0.030			
PCB 1016 (μg/l) 12674112		0.014		0.030			
PCB Total (μg/l) 1336363 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					0.0017	0.0017	

PARAMETER CAS Number	USE DESIGNATION						
	AQUATIC LIFE				HUMAN HEALTH		
	FRESH	FRESHWATER		WATER		All	
	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴	
Pentachlorophenol (μg/l) 87865 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria risk level at 10 ⁻⁵ Freshwater acute criterion (μg/l) e (1.005(pH)-4.8 69) Freshwater chronic criterion (μg/l) e (1.005(pH)-5.134)	8.7 pH = 7.0	6.7 pH = 7.0	13	7.9	2.8	82	
pH See § 9VAC25-260-50							
Phenol (μg/l) 108952					21,000	4,600,000	
Phosphorus Elemental (μg/l) 7723140				0.10			
Pyrene (μg/l) 129000					960	11,000	
Radionuclides Gross Alpha Particle Activity (pCi/L) Beta Particle & Photon Activity (mrem/yr) (formerly man-made radio nuclides) Strontium 90 (pCi/L) Tritium (pCi/L)					15 4 8 20,000	15 4 8 20,000	
Selenium (µg/I ⁵⁰ 7782492 WER shall not be used for freshwater acute and chronic criteria.	20	5.0	300 WER=1	71 WER=1	170	11,000	
Silver (µg/l) ⁵ 7440224 Freshwater values are a function of total hardness as calcium carbonate (CaCO ₃₎ mg/l and the WER. The minimum hardness allowed for use in the equation below shall be 25 and the maximum hardness shall be 400 even when the actual ambient hardness is less than 25 or greater than 400.	3.4 WER=1; CaCO ₃ = 100		2.0 WER=1				

PARAMETER CAS Number	USE DESIGNATION						
	AQUATIC LIFE				HUMAN HEALTH		
		WATER		SALTWATER		All	
	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴	
Freshwater acute criterion (µg/l)							
Sulfate (μg/l) Criterion to maintain acceptable taste, odor or aesthetic quality of drinking water and applies at the drinking water intake.					250,000		
Temperature See 9 VAC 25-260-50							
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (μg/l) 79345 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					1.7	110	
Tetrachloroethylene (μg/l) 127184 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵					8.0	89	
Thallium (μg/l) 7440280					1.7	6.3	
Toluene (μg/l) 108883					6,800	200,000	
Total Dissolved Solids (μg/l) Criterion to maintain acceptable taste, odor or aesthetic quality of drinking water and applies at the drinking water intake.					500,000		
Toxaphene (μg/l) 8001352 The chronic aquatic life criteria have been calculated to also protect wildlife from harmful effects through ingestion of contaminated tissue. Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .	0.73	0.0002	0.21	0.0002	0.0073	0.0075	
Tributyltin (μg/l) 60105	0.46	0.063	0.38	0.001			

PARAMETER CAS Number	USE DESIGNATION						
	AQUATIC LIFE				HUMAN HEALTH		
	FRESHWATER		SALTWATER			All	
	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Acute ¹	Chronic ²	Public Water Supply ³	Other Surface Waters ⁴	
1, 2, 4 Trichlorobenzene (μg/l) 120821					260	940	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (μg/l) 79005 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					6.0	420	
Trichloroethylene (μg/l) 79016 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ⁻⁵ .					27	810	
2, 4, 6 – Trichlorophenol 88062 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}					21	65	
2–(2, 4, 5 –Trichlorophenoxy propionic acid (Silvex) (μg/l)					50		
Vinyl Chloride (μg/l) 75014 Known or suspected carcinogen; human health criteria at risk level 10 ^{-5.}					0.23	61	
Zinc $(\mu g/l)^5$ Freshwater values are a function of total hardness as calcium carbonate $(CaCO_3)$ mg/l and the WER. The minimum hardness allowed for use in the equation below shall be 25 and the maximum, hardness shall be 400 even when the actual ambient hardness is less than 25 or greater than 400. Freshwater acute criterion $\mu g/l$ WER [e {0.8473[ln(hardness)]+0.884}] (CFa) Freshwater chronic criterion $\mu g/l$ WER [e {0.8473[ln(hardness)]+0.884}] (CFc) WER =Water Effect Ratio =1 unless shown otherwise under 9 VAC 25-260-140.F and listed in 9 VAC 25-260-310 e = base e exponential function. ln = log normal function $CF_a = 0.978$ $CF_c = 0.986$	120 WER=1 CaCO ₃ =100	120 WER=1 CaCO ₃ =100	90 WER=1	81 WER=1	9,100	69,000	

6 = The flows listed below are default design flows for calculating steady state waste load allocations unless statistically valid methods are employed which demonstrate compliance with the duration and return frequency of the water quality criteria.

Aquatic Life:

Acute criteria 1Q10

Chronic criteria 7Q10

Chronic criteria (ammonia) 30Q10

Human Health:

Non-carcinogens 30Q5

Carcinogens Harmonic mean (An exception to this is for the carcinogen dioxin. The applicable stream flow for dioxin is the

mean annual stream flow.)

The following are defined for this section:

"1Q10" means the lowest flow averaged over a period of one day which on a statistical basis can be expected to occur once every 10 climatic years.

"7Q10" means the lowest flow averaged over a period of seven consecutive days that can be statistically expected to occur once every 10 climatic years.

"30Q5" means the lowest flow averaged over a period of 30 consecutive days that can be statistically expected to occur once every five climatic years.

"30Q10" means the lowest flow averaged over a period of 30 consecutive days that can be statistically expected to occur once every 10 climactic years.

"Averaged" means an arithmetic mean.

"Climatic year" means a year beginning on April 1 and ending on March 31.

¹ One hour average concentration not to be exceeded more than once every 3 years on the average, unless otherwise noted.

² Four-day average concentration not to be exceeded more than once every 3 years on the average, unless otherwise noted.

³ Criteria have been calculated to protect human health from toxic effects through drinking water and fish consumption, unless otherwise noted and apply in segments designated as PWS in 9 VAC 25-260-390-540.

⁴ Criteria have been calculated to protect human health from toxic effects through fish consumption, unless otherwise noted and apply in all other surface waters not designated as PWS in 9 VAC 25-260-390-540.

⁵ Acute and chronic saltwater and freshwater aquatic life criteria apply to the biologically available form of the metal and apply as a function of the pollutant's water effect ratio (WER) as defined in 9 VAC 25-260-140 F (WER X criterion.) Metals measured as dissolved shall be considered to be biologically available, or, because local receiving water characteristics may otherwise affect the biological availability of the metal, the biologically available equivalent measurement of the metal can be further defined by determining a Water Effect Ratio (WER) and multiplying the numerical value shown in 9 VAC 25-260-140 B by the WER. Refer to 9 VAC 25-260-140 F. Values displayed above in the table are examples and correspond to a (WER) of 1.0. Metals criteria have been adjusted to convert the total recoverable fraction to dissolved fraction using a conversion factor. Criteria that change with hardness have the conversion factor listed in the table above.

C. Application of freshwater and saltwater numerical criteria.

The numerical water quality criteria listed in subsection B of this section (excluding dissolved oxygen, pH, temperature) shall be applied according to the following classes of waters (see 9 VAC 25-260-50) and boundary designations:

CLASS OF WATERS NUMERICAL CRITERIA

I and II (Estuarine Waters) Saltwater criteria apply

II (Transition Zone) More stringent of either the

freshwater or saltwater criteria

apply

II (Tidal Freshwater,) III,

IV, V, VI and VII

Freshwater criteria apply